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Proposed Regulation Agency Background Document

Agency name	Virginia Department of Transportation (Commonwealth Transportation Board)
Virginia Administrative Code (VAC) citation	24 VAC 30-91
Regulation title	Subdivision Street Requirements
Action title	Comprehensive Amendments under APA
Document preparation date	March 26, 2004

This information is required for executive review (<u>www.townhall.state.va.us/dpbpages/apaintro.htm#execreview</u>) and the Virginia Registrar of Regulations (<u>legis.state.va.us/codecomm/register/regindex.htm</u>), pursuant to the Virginia Administrative Process Act (<u>www.townhall.state.va.us/dpbpages/dpb_apa.htm</u>), Executive Orders 21 (2002) and 58 (1999) (<u>www.governor.state.va.us/Press_Policy/Executive_Orders/EOHome.html</u>), and the *Virginia Register Form*, *Style and Procedure Manual* (http://legis.state.va.us/codecomm/register/download/styl8_95.rtf).

Brief summary

Please provide a brief summary of the proposed new regulation, proposed amendments to the existing regulation, or the regulation proposed to be repealed. Alert the reader to all substantive matters or changes. If applicable, generally describe the existing regulation. Do **not** state each provision or amendment or restate the purpose and intent of the regulation.

This regulation sets forth the requirements applicable to all subdivision streets in the Commonwealth that are designated to become part of the secondary system of state highways, including procedures for approval and criteria used to consider the acceptance of new streets for maintenance as part of the secondary system. (Note: This regulation does not apply to the counties of Arlington or Henrico, but may apply in the independent cities or towns of more than 3,500 population, pursuant to §33.1-41.1, Code of Virginia.)

VDOT proposes the following regulatory changes, which are discussed in further detail in the "Substance" section of this document:

- Clarify text to improve comprehension and usefulness;
- Update obsolete titles and work unit names;
- Move geometric standards from the regulatory requirements to a new section of the Road Design Manual;
- Update the list of documents incorporated by reference; and
- Address impact of technical issues (definition of roles, design processes, right of way, sidewalks, flexibility of standards, traffic calming, utilities, etc.) on the regulation.
- Update amounts for surety and maintenance fees; and
- Provide mechanism under which VDOT can recovery of administrative costs associated with new street development.

Due to the extensive nature of the changes proposed, VDOT has abandoned its initial approach to amend the existing regulation in favor of repealing the existing regulation and replacing it with a totally new regulation under the same title. This approach will be simpler to implement administratively.

Basis

Please identify the state and/or federal source of legal authority to promulgate this proposed regulation, including (1) the most relevant law and/or regulation, including Code of Virginia citation and General Assembly bill and chapter numbers, if applicable, and (2) promulgating entity, i.e., the agency, board, or person. Describe the legal authority and the extent to which the authority is mandatory or discretionary.

No federal statutes pertain to the regulation. Title 33.1 of the Code of Virginia contains many statutory references to the secondary system and the authority to issue regulations. VDOT, the Commissioner and the Commonwealth Transportation Board (CTB) are granted "control, supervision, management, and jurisdiction" over the secondary system of state highways by § 33.1-69. Furthermore, the CTB has general authority to make regulations concerning the use of the state highway system pursuant to § 33.1-12. § 33.1-229 gives the Commissioner discretionary authority over the expenditure of state funds for the secondary system. Finally, persons desiring to connect new streets to any highway system under VDOT jurisdiction must obtain permits from VDOT for a commercial entrance pursuant to § 33.1-198, because subdivision streets, when they intersect with existing roads in the state system of highways, are considered commercial entrances.

The Office of the Attorney General (OAG) affirmed these statutory references in correspondence to VDOT in 1995, when the regulation last underwent a full-scale Administrative Process Act (APA) amendment. The most recent certification letter from the OAG prepared in conjunction with these revisions (dated January 5, 2004) reaffirms these references. More generally, Section 15.2-2240 of the Code of Virginia requires each locality to enact an ordinance to ensure that land is subdivided and developed in an orderly manner. The Catalog of State & Federal Mandates on Local Governments includes the Subdivision Street Requirements as a mandate (STO.VDOT009). In September of 1999, pursuant to the requirements of Executive Memorandum 1-98, the Secretary of Transportation submitted a recommendation to the Commission on Local Government that the mandate be retained. This regulation does not exceed the specific minimum requirements of any federal or state mandate.

Statutory text for the Code sections reference above can be accessed via the following website:

http://leg1.state.va.us/000/src.htm

Purpose

Please explain the need for the new or amended regulation. Describe the rationale or justification of the proposed regulatory action. Detail the specific reasons the regulation is essential to protect the health, safety or welfare of citizens. Discuss the goals of the proposal and the problems the proposal is intended to solve.

The *Subdivision Street Requirements* are generally updated every five to seven years. The last amendments became effective January 1, 1996. VDOT believes that revisions to the regulation are essential to maintain the integrity of the State Highway System by ensuring an accurate and current regulation that provides for the construction of safe and durable streets and ancillary facilities within that system. The regulation will continue the ability of the private sector to develop tracts of land and construct related roads that complement existing and future road systems, traffic patterns, and land use. The provision of an adequate transportation system is one of the most important functions of government in providing for the safety and welfare of citizens. Within the Commonwealth, public highways continue to play the principal role in this function.

Today, ever-increasing competition between states for new economic development dictates that Virginia continue to provide an efficient highway system, including quality means of access to connect new homes and businesses to the existing highway systems. Further, to promote improved quality of life for the citizens and the effective movement of people, goods, and services, a durable highway system is essential. The provision of a safe and adequate means of access to residential, commercial, industrial and mixed-use developments is an essential quality of life element that Virginians expect and demand. These principles apply to both existing, as well as new streets and roads.

Accordingly, it is imperative that any new transportation facility be designed and constructed to adequately and safely accommodate the anticipated type and volume of traffic, consistent with the land use served. Since the projected resources of the Transportation Trust Fund will be required to finance needed improvements to the existing transportation facilities, the cost of new roads required to serve subdivisions and other similar types of speculative development must be provided from private sources and be sufficient to meet the anticipated transportation needs of the Commonwealth. VDOT believes that the revisions to the regulation will make it more useful in meeting the goals of local government and ensuring a safe and adequate means of access is provided as part of local land development activities.

These alternatives are intended to improve the regulation while continuing to meet the principal goals of:

- Serving as a reference resource for parties involved in the planning, design, development, and regulation of residential, commercial, and industrial subdivisions
- Establishing the minimum criteria for the addition of subdivision streets as a part of Virginia's secondary system of state highways.
- Protecting the public's health, safety, and welfare with the least possible cost and intrusiveness to the citizens of the Commonwealth.
- Providing a clearly written and understandable regulation.

Substance

Please briefly identify and explain the new substantive provisions, the substantive changes to existing sections, or both where appropriate. (Provide more detail about these changes in the "Detail of changes" section.)

Town Hall Agency Background Document

The provisions of the replacement regulation have been consolidated from their location in the existing regulation and clarified with design guidance removed from the regulation and incorporated as part of the Department's Road Design Manual (Appendix B). Greater flexibility has been provided for VDOT to accept pedestrian and bicycle facilities desired by localities. Surety and maintenance fee provisions have been revised for the first time since at least 1990 and will better reflect current construction and maintenance costs. Additionally, an administrative cost recovery fee is proposed to recover costs VDOT sustains in services required to ensure quality streets are built; such as reviewing subdivision plans, providing inspection to ensure quality construction and processing the acceptance of these streets into the secondary system for maintenance. These services are provided by VDOT as a cooperative service to local governments, most of which do not have the manpower, expertise, and desire to manage the development and construction of new roads. The Office of the Attorney General has reviewed the revisions, and affirmed that the CTB has the authority to make these changes.

Issues

Please identify the issues associated with the proposed regulatory action, including: 1) the primary advantages and disadvantages to the public, such as individual private citizens or businesses, of implementing the new or amended provisions;

2) the primary advantages and disadvantages to the agency or the Commonwealth; and3) other pertinent matters of interest to the regulated community, government officials, and the public.If there are no disadvantages to the public or the Commonwealth, please indicate.

Issues include the following:

 The primary advantage to the public from the replacement regulation is the emphasis on providing an up-to-date and more flexible regulatory resource for local governments, developers, and others to use. The Subdivision Street Requirements replacement regulation removes design criteria from the regulation and makes them a part of the Department's Road Design Manual (Appendix B), which appendix will become effective with the implementation of the revised Subdivision Street Requirements

In addition, these changes will provide a more comprehensive approach to the development of new streets and will allow greater traffic volumes to use the narrower street widths, which results in an overall reduction of standards with the potential to lower the cost of development of many streets. Additional guidance is provided to clarify and broaden development and acceptance issues related to streetscaping, the placement of utilities within public rights of way, the acceptance of certain pedestrian tunnels, and the acceptance of sidewalk and bicycle facilities as integral parts of new streets. The minimum service criteria governing eligibility for the acceptance of streets is clarified. Additionally, definitions used to administer the regulation have been revised, consistent with changes within the Department, and new ones added (e. g., "parking bays") to provide greater clarity or technical information to the user.

The only disadvantage to the public is in getting acclimated to the replacement regulation. However, since the contents of the replacement regulation were developed in concert with stakeholder input and the active involvement of local government officials and representatives of the land development industry, during and after the NOIRA period, VDOT believes that the revisions will be acceptable. Updating VDOT's maintenance fees and surety and providing for the recovery of VDOT's administrative costs may be considered a disadvantage since this will be an additional cost to the developer. However, reduced construction costs may offset those increases.

2) The primary advantage to VDOT and the Commonwealth is essentially the same as that to the public – the replacement regulation provides an up-to-date and clarified resource concerning the

development of quality street systems for users, including VDOT personnel. VDOT will be able to perform its mission with greater efficiency and effectiveness, while addressing the concerns of stakeholders and the land development industry.

Other advantages to VDOT include an update of the surety and fees to help offset VDOT's costs. The only disadvantage to the agency or the Commonwealth is in the time and expense to VDOT to implement the changes, through a combination of training and printing the replacement regulation, etc.

3) Any pertinent matters of interest to the regulated community, government officials, and the public will be addressed as a result of the promulgation of the final replacement regulation and the repeal of the existing one through the Administrative Process Act.

Financial impact

Please identify the anticipated financial impact of the proposed regulation and at a minimum provide the following information:

Projected cost to the state to implement and	\$50,000 derived from general administrative funds	
enforce the proposed regulation, including	of the department with annual administrative costs	
(a) fund source / fund detail, and (b) a	of approximately \$20,000 per year.	
delineation of one-time versus on-going		
expenditures		
Projected cost of the regulation on localities	Minimal, if any, to most counties.	
Description of the individuals, businesses or	All parties involved in the development land that	
other entities likely to be affected by the	includes the creation of new subdivision streets.	
regulation		
Agency's best estimate of the number of such	500 (+). It potentially includes all counties, cities,	
entities that will be affected	and towns, plus developers, their engineering firms	
	and road builders.	
Projected cost of the regulation for affected	Minimal. The regulation itself is provided at no cost	
individuals, businesses, or other entities	and its impact on construction should be no greater	
	(and may be less for certain roads) than the current	
	provisions. Overall, the cost difference for	
	developing new streets between the old and new	
	provisions will be minimal.	

Alternatives

Please describe any viable alternatives to the proposal considered and the rationale used by the agency to select the least burdensome or intrusive alternative that meets the essential purpose of the action.

VDOT does not believe there is a viable alternative to promulgating a replacement regulation and repealing the old one, and that this action is the least burdensome or intrusive alternative to meet the essential purpose of the regulation. The General Assembly clearly intended that VDOT, the Commissioner and the Commonwealth Transportation Board (CTB) have authority over secondary highways, since they are granted "control, supervision, management, and jurisdiction" over the secondary

Town Hall Agency Background Document

system of state highways by § 33.1-69. Furthermore, the CTB has authority to make regulations with regard to use of the state highway system pursuant to § 33.1-12.

Public comment

Please summarize all comments received during the public comment period following the publication of the NOIRA, and provide the agency response.

The revisions were based largely on Stakeholder Comments collected in the spring of 2003 and the advice of a committee of local government and land development industry officials. The stakeholder comments that helped VDOT prepare the pending revisions are accessible from the following website address:

http://www.virginiadot.org/projects/ssr-rev.asp

Impact on family

Please assess the impact of the proposed regulatory action on the institution of the family and family stability.

This regulation is not expected to have any detrimental effect on family or family stability. To the contrary, the regulation is expected to promote motorist and pedestrian safety within subdivisions and will relieve homeowners associations of the burden of having to maintain the streets they rely upon to access their homes and places of business; which the Department believes are important factors that help to preserve family stability.

Detail of changes

Please detail all changes that are being proposed and the consequences of the proposed changes. Detail all new provisions and/or all changes to existing sections.

If the proposed regulation is intended to replace an emergency regulation, please list separately (1) all changes between the pre-emergency regulation and the proposed regulation, and (2) only changes made since the publication of the emergency regulation.

In developing these changes for the replacement regulation, VDOT conducted surveys of all counties that participate in the secondary system of state highways and each residency office serving those counties. An advisory committee was formed of local government officials and representatives of the development community to get their perspectives. Finally five public stakeholder meetings were conducted in the Spring of 2003 to allow localities, the development community and others that wished to comment an opportunity to share their perspectives and recommendations and to provide written comments to VDOT by letter, fax, email, and via the agency's web site during a 30 day public comment period.

That information was shared with the advisory committee, which then assisted VDOT in developing the proposed revisions and the forthcoming Appendix B of the Road Design Manual.

Existing Section Title 24 VAC 30-90-10 Definitions.

Form: TH-02

Section Revision Narrative Changes include the addition, deletion, or correction of VDOT staff titles to correspond with the agency's re-organization efforts, re-defining certain phrases to more accurately describe what is intended by the word or phrase, and the introduction of new words or phrases corresponding to other changes in the regulation, and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-10 in replacement regulation. Section **Title** New Title 24 VAC 30-90-20 Applicablility. Applicability. Section Revision Narrative The provision has been broadened to reflect changes in the Code of Virginia and to more explicitly describe the purpose of the regulation, and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-20 in replacement regulation. New Title Section **Title** 24 VAC 30-90-30 Continuity of public street system. Section Revision Narrative The provision has been re-enacted in its entirety and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-30 in replacement regulation. Title New Title Section 24 VAC 30-90-40 Large-lot-size subdivisions. Section Revision Narrative The provision has been re-enacted in its entirety and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-40 in replacement regulation. Section **Title** 24 VAC 30-90-50 Service requirements. Section Revision Narrative Although minimal changes are made in this section, the provisions have been restated to more accurately explain their intent, and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-50 in replacement regulation. Section **Title** 24 VAC 30-90-60 Administrative procedures. Section Revision Narrative Provisions have been restated to be more complete and to more accurately state the procedures involved with the establishment of new streets and the steps involved with their development, and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-60 in replacement regulation. Section **Title** 24 VAC 30-90-70 Discretionary authority. Section Revision Narrative Minor rewording. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-70 in replacement regulation. Section **Title** 24 VAC 30-90-80 Effect of legislation Section Revision Narrative Repealed. This provision was felt to be superfluous. Section **Title** 24 VAC 30-90-90 Entrance permits. Section Revision Narrative Reworded for clarification. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-80 in replacement regulation.

Town Hall Agency Background Document

Form: TH-02

Section	Title
24 VAC 30-90-100	Appeal to district administrator.

Title

Title

Section Revision Narrative

The process required for appealing a resident engineer's decision has been clarified. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-90 in replacement regulation.

Section

24 VAC 30-90-110 Precedent of local subdivision ordinance.

Section Revision Narrative

Completely restated to clarify the role of local government in the establishment of new roads that become part of the secondary system of state highways. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-100 in the replacement regulation.

New Title

Section

Section

24 VAC 30-90-120

24 VAC 30-90-130

0 Applicable requirements of other regulatory agencies.

Section Revision Narrative

The provision has been re-enacted in its entirety and renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-110 in replacement regulation.

Title

Design requirements.

Section Revision Narrative

The provisions regarding the design of new streets have been substantially revised. VDOT believes including certain elements of design within the regulation has prohibited thoughtful innovation and flexibility. Consequently, design parameters have been removed from the regulation and included in VDOT's Road Design Manual as a special section, Appendix B. In conjunction with this effort, sections have been reworded and reorganized to include pertinent provisions from other sections which have either been moved to the Road Design Manual or repealed because the provisions were more appropriately addressed within other sections.

Certain provisions are shown highlighted. Although some rewording for clarification may have been done, those provisions indicate certain elements of old provisions that are being consolidated under the pertinent section.

Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-120 in the replacement regulation.

Title 0-90-140 Phased development of subdivision streets.

Title

24 VAC 30-90-140

Section

Section Revision Narrative

The issue of phased development of new, major roadways has been a perplexing problem for many years to the agency, local governments and the development industry. The section has been completely reworded in an effort to simplify the phased development process and to clarify when continued cost participation by the local government is appropriate. This revision will help localities that are proactive in planning major transportation facilities by eliminating the prior total financial liability in completing the facility. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-130 in the replacement regulation.

Section

24 VAC 30-91-140

New Title

Relocation and improvements to streets maintained by the department

Section Revision Narrative

NEW PROVISION. Stakeholder comments included requests from the development industry for VDOT to clarify what was necessary and who had jurisdiction over changes to streets and highways already under VDOT maintenance when it was necessary to alter the alignment or construction of those existing streets. This new provision attempts to provide that clarification.

Section Title 24 VAC 30-90-150 Right-of-way.

8

Section Revision Narrative

The section has been reworded to clarify issues associated with right of way, including issues involving utilities, and encroachments that might be placed within the right of way but which are not appropriately maintained at public expense. Department acceptance of the maintenance of certain tunnel crossings have been clarified. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-150 in the replacement regulation.

<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-160	<i>Title</i> Surety and fees. <i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Surety and fees have not been adjusted for more than 15 years. The provisions have been restated to more accurately represent their purpose and adjusted to more accurately represent current cost factors. In addition, an administrative cost recovery fee has been introduced which will recover a portion of the costs experienced by the Department for services extended to developers and local government in the development of new streets and allow that fee to be adjusted periodically based on the agency's cost experience. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-160 in the replacement regulation.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-170	TitleNew TitleSidewalk.Pedestrian and Bicycle facilities		
	Section Revision Narrative The section is completely rewritten to resolve misinterpretation issues and to more accurately reflect the department's position and commitment to providing adequate pedestrian and bicycle facilities when they included as part of new subdivision streets if adequately constructed. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-17 the replacement regulation.	y are	
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-180	<i>Title</i> Intersections.		
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Repealed. The section has been moved to the Road Design Manual.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-190	<i>Title</i> Guardrail.		
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Simplified. The change neither imposes new requirements on developers or relieves them of installing guardrail when appropriate. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-180 in the replacement regulation.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-200	<i>Title</i> Curb and gutter.		
	Section Revision Narrative Significantly revised, former provisions have been relocated to the Road Design Manual but new provision more clearly explain the needs associated with curb and gutter at driveways and as warranted under provis of the Americans with Disabilities Act. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-190 in the replacement regulation.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-210	<i>Title</i> Turn lanes.		
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Repealed. The section has been moved to the Road Design Manual.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-220	<i>Title</i> Neotraditional developments.		
	Section Revision Narrative The provision is restated in its entirety. The concept of neotraditional development is elusive and is associat with what might be considered a complete, nearly self-contained town concept that provides a relatively self compact community that is pedestrian friendly in which the residents work where they live. It is characterized by narrow streets which must by necessity still accommodate the widths of modern public transportation (school and transit) and emergency services (police, fire, rescue) vehicles as well as service vehicles such	nall ed	

trash and delivery trucks. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-200 in the replacement regulation.

Provisions have been introduced in Appendix B of the Road Design Manual that should allow developer and local government efforts to achieve development using the neotraditional development concept while providing transportation facilities that meet the demands of modern vehicle movements.

<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-230	Concentric design.
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Repealed. The section has been moved to the Road Design Manual.
<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-240	Cul-de-sacs and turnarounds.
	Section Revision Narrative Repealed. The section has been moved to the Road Design Manual.
<i>Section</i>	Title
24 VAC 30-90-250	Dams.
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Repealed. The section has been moved to 24 VAC 30-90-130.
<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-260	Railroad crossing.
	Section Revision Narrative Restated in its entirety to more clearly detail the involvement of others associated with rail crossings. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-210 in the replacement regulation.
<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-270	Private entrances.
	Section Revision Narrative Minor clarifications are made. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-220 in the replacement regulation.
Section	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-280	Parking.
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Minor revisions made to state circumstances under which angular or perpendicular parking might be accommodated without compromising the safety of those using the roadway proper. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-230 in the replacement regulation.
<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-290	Landscaping.
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Minor clarifications are made and previous references have been included in the Road Design Manual. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-240 in the replacement regulation.
<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-300	Encroachments and extrinsic structures.
	Section Revision Narrative Repealed. The former section is rewritten and included under the right of way section, 24 VAC 30-90-150.
<i>Section</i>	<i>Title</i>
24 VAC 30-90-310	Lighting.

	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Minor corrections. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-250 in the replacement regulation.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-320	<i>Title</i> Noise abatement.	New Title	
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> The provision has been re-enacted in its entirety and renumb regulation.	ered as 24 VAC 30-91-260 in replacement	
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-330	<i>Title</i> Effective date and transition.		
	Section Revision Narrative Reworded to provide greater flexibility during the transition period from the current regulation to the new. Renumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-270 in the replacement regulation.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-340	<i>Title</i> Subdivision street plan review procedure.	<i>New Title</i> Subdivision street development, plan review and acceptance.	
	Section Revision Narrative The section has been expanded significantly to explain the particle section includes detailed flow charts explaining the role of for each major phase of the development process, including to 24 VAC 30-91-280 in the replacement regulation.	of developers, the counties, and the department	
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-350	<i>Title</i> Offices of the Virginia Department of Transportation.		
	<i>Section Revision Narrative</i> Revisions reflect name changes as the result of legislation. R replacement regulation.	enumbered as 24 VAC 30-91-290 in the	
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-360	<i>Title</i> Listing of documents (publications) incorporated by reference.		
	Section Revision Narrative The listing has been significantly reduced, primarily because of Design Manual, which remains incorporated by reference. Re replacement regulation.		
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-370	<i>Title</i> Acceptable curb and gutter designs.		
	Section Revision Narrative Repealed, with portions relocated to 24 VAC 30-90-200 and A	Appendix B of the Road Design Manual.	
<i>Section</i> 24 VAC 30-90-380	<i>Title</i> Table 1 - Geometric Design Guide for Subdivisions Streets Fu	unctionally Classified as Local.	
	Section Revision Narrative Repealed and relocated with major revisions to Appendix B o the range of roadway widths by allowing certain widths to acc Although the least roadway widths have not been reduced, al greater volumes of traffic has the effect of reducing overall de in regard to vertical controls create additional flexibility has be criteria for one-way streets has also been introduced for the f	commodate greater volumes of traffic. lowing established widths to accommodate evelopment costs. In addition, greater flexibility een included. Although permissible in the past,	